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Graduate Programs—COURSE CHANGE REQUEST

Graduate Frograms COCKSE	CIIIII	TOP REQUEST		
DEPARTMENT NAME:		OLLEGE OF:		
EXCEPTIONAL STUDENT EDUCATION	EDUCATION			
COURSE PREFIX & NUMBER: EEX 5602		T Course TitLe: or Change and Management	Strategies	
CHANGE(S) REQUESTED	Denavio	onange and management	Onatogres	
Show "X" in Front of Option		Show "X" in Front of Option	DN .	
CHANGE CREDITS FROM TO:		CHANGE PREFIX FROM	то:	
CHANGE GRADING FROM TO:		CHANGE COURSE No. F	ROM TO:	
X CHANGE PREREQUISITES TO:		CHANGE TITLE TO:		
EEX 5612 and EEX 5051 or an introductory course of Theories and Characteristics of Exceptional Students permission of the instructor.		CHANGE DESCRIPTION TO:		
CHANGE MINIMUM GRADE TO:				
CHANGE COREQUISITES TO:				
Change Other Registration Controls to:				
OTHER				
CHANGES TO BE EFFECTIVE (TERM):		Attach syllabus for ANY		
SPRING 2010		changes to cu	rrent course information.	
Will the requested change(s) cause this course to over any other FAU course(s)? If yes, please list course(s) YES NO XX				
TERMINATE COURSE, EFFECTIVE (GIVE LAST T	TERM COL	IRSE IS TO BE ACTIVE):		
Faculty Contact, Email, Complete Phone Number: Michael Brady, mbrady@fau.edu ; 73281				
SIGNATURES			SUPPORTING MATERIALS	
Approved by:		Date:	Syllabus—must include all criteria as detailed in UGPC Guidelines.	
Department Chair:		· 		
College Curriculum Chair:			Go to: http://graduate.fau.edu/gpc/ to access Guidelines and to download this form.	
College Dean:				
UGPC Chair:			Written Consent—required from all departments affected.	
Dean of the Graduate College:				

Email this form and syllabus to <u>sfulks@fau.edu</u> and <u>eqirjo@fau.edu</u> one week **before** the University Graduate Programs Committee meeting so that materials may be viewed on the UGPC website by committee members prior to the meeting.



Department of Exceptional Student Education College of Education Florida Atlantic University

Instructor: Office: Phone: E-mail:

Office Hours: Class Day/Time:

COURSE NUMBER EEX 5602

COURSE TITLE Behavior Change and Management Strategies

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This is a course in specialized behavior management techniques for use with students with disabilities. The course will prepare teachers to apply behavior analytic techniques, manage crisis situations, and functionally assess problem behaviors. Ethical issues will be considered as will as counseling skills for teachers working with behavioral disorders or problems in schools.

PREREQUISITE or COREQUISITE

EEX 5612 and EEX 5051. An introductory course in special education <u>or</u> permission of the instructor can be substituted for EEX 5051.

COURSE CONNECTION TO CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

As a reflective decision-maker the student will make informed decisions, exhibit ethical behavior, and provide evidence of being a capable professional by analyzing a case study and applying appropriate decision-making skills to identify the function of challenging and appropriate behavior. The student will demonstrate knowledge of ethical behavior by completing a research paper detailing a review of issues in working with students with behavioral disabilities including, but not limited to ethical considerations.

REQUIRED TEXTS

Chandler L. K. & Dahlquist, C.M. (2006). *Functional assessment: Strategies to prevent and remediate challenging behavior in school settings.* (2nd ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Merrill-Prentice Hall.

TECHNOLOGY

E-mail: Your FAU email address will be used.

<u>Computer:</u> Blackboard This course may be web assisted through FAU Blackboard or MyFAU. Some handouts, forms, handbook and resources may be available on the website. For Blackboard, go to the website: http://blackboard.fau.edu (Do not type www). Your username is the same as your FAUNet ID. Your initial password for Blackboard is your PIN (for students this is 2 zeros followed by your 2 digit DAY of birth and 2 digit YEAR of birth).

GUIDELINES USED IN DEVELOPING COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Behavior Analyst Task List-Third Edition (BACB)
- CEC International Standards for Preparation and Certification of Special Education Teachers (CEC)
- State of Florida Accomplished Practices (EAP)
- Florida Subject Area Competencies ESOL (ESOL)

(The applicable standards for this course are presented in Appendix A of this syllabus.)

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The overall objective of this course is to equip professionals with specialized skills in providing positive behavioral support for students who present behavioral challenges. Specifically, upon completion of this course the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe the role of effective teaching, race, gender, cultural stereotypes, communicative proficiency and a well-managed classroom in preventing behavior problems. (CEC cc5K1-4, bd5K2) (ESOL 2, 3, 5, 14, 23)
- 2. Describe and apply the principles that serve as the foundation for behavior support. (CEC 5S10-11, bd1K5, bd7K1) (ESOL 22) (BACB Content Areas 3-1, 3-2, 3-3; 3-7 thru 3-10; 3-16; 3-19)
- 3. When presented with a problem behavior, select and implement functional behavior assessment techniques (BACB 4-1 thru 4-6b).
- 4. When presented with a serious classroom behavior problem, select an effective and culturally appropriate behavioral and/or counseling technique, plan an intervention, gather and record data, evaluate treatment effectiveness, outline a plan for generalization, and communicate the results of their effect. (CEC cc5S5-6, bd4K4, bd4S1, bd7S1) (ESOL 5, 13, 14, 18) (BACB 9-1 thru 9-6, 9-18, 9-19, 9-20, 9-22, 9-23, 9-24, 9-27, 9-28, 9-29).

- 5. Describe and apply an array of procedural safeguards applicable to a range of child problem situations that may warrant active intervention. (CEC cc5S16) (ESOL 22)
- 6. Demonstrate the ability to use basic and culturally appropriate crisis deescalation, prevention, and management techniques. (CEC5S13-13, bd4S2) (ESOL 2, 5, 13, 14, 18, 22)
- 7. Describe emerging views of classroom discipline and explain the components of personal beliefs, values, and personal system of discipline. (CEC cc1S1, cc9K1, cc9S11) (ESOL 3, 18, 23)
- 8. Use a team-based approach to assessment and intervention, use competency-based training procedures to train those who will carry out the behavior intervention, and monitory intervention fidelity. (BACB Content Area 10)

COURSE CONTENT

- Antisocial behavior
- Discipline plan and classroom management
- Social skills
- Crisis management
- Behavior management cases
- Behavior change process-steps
- Medication
- School violence and gangs
- Classroom management and ADD/ADHD
- Functional assessment, environmental and biophysical behavior management
- Classroom behavior management
- Antecedent-based strategies
- Developing replacement behaviors
- Consequence strategies to increase and decrease behavior
- Strategies to mitigate and replace problem behaviors maintained by positive, negative, and automatic reinforcement.

COURSE REQUIREMENTS

1. COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT: Case Study. The student will complete a case study report describing a functional assessment of a student with challenging behavior. The case study will include a report of the functional assessment and a description of a comprehensive intervention plan to serve the student's

challenging behavior with a more appropriate behavior. The case study report will include the following components:

- (a) narrative summary of the case
- (b) completed ABC observation form
- (c) narrative explanation of the ABC including:

definition of the challenging behavior,

summary statement describing the function of the challenging behavior; including rationale for why that function was selected,

hypothesis statement(s) regarding the antecedents and consequences that "trigger" the challenging behavior

- (d) a narrative explanation of appropriate replacement behavior that will achieve the same or similar function and a description of appropriate reinforcers
- (e) a positive intervention plan to decrease challenging behavior and increase appropriate behavior. The plan should present alternatives for changing antecedents, settings, and consequences. The plan should also describe when and where the intervention will be implemented, which staff will implement the program, and describe how data will be collected to evaluate progress.

Competency Assessments and Florida Educator Accomplished Practices

The Florida Department of Education has identified a set of Accomplished Practices that must be mastered in order to continue in the ESE Bachelor's Degree Program. For this course, the Educator Accomplished Practices (EAP 9.2, see Appendix A) will be measured by the case study, which is the Competency Assessment. See Appendix B for the specifics of the requirements for the case study. Please read the ESE departmental policy on Competency Assessments carefully.

ESE Departmental Policy on COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT(S)

Assessment criteria

A student must earn a **minimum grade of 83%** of the points allotted for the Competency Assessment to receive a passing grade in this course. In other words, a student cannot pass the course without successfully completing the Competency Assessment.

Remediation policy

• If a student is passing the course, but has failed to pass the Competency Assessment with a minimum of 83% of the possible points for the assignment, the student will receive an "I" in the course until the Competency Assessment is successfully redone (only one attempt allowed). The conditions and time frame for the resubmission of the assignment will be determined by the instructor. However, the second attempt must be completed within one semester. Upon successful completion of the resubmitted assignment, the "I" will be changed to a grade for the course and the student may continue in the ESE sequence of courses. The original points earned for

the initial attempt at the Competency Assessment will be used to calculate the final grade in the course. **If the resubmitted Competency Assessment is not successfully passed,** the grade for the course will be B- or below regardless of the total points earned in the course.

• **If a student is not passing the course,** and has failed to pass the Competency Assessment with a minimum of 83% of the possible points, the student will <u>not</u> be allowed to resubmit the Competency Assessment. The student will need to repeat the course <u>and</u> the Competency Assessment.

2. RESEARCH PAPER

This assignment is composed of two parts: a comprehensive research paper and an oral presentation of the paper. You are to select a research topic from the list below and write a paper on the topic as it relates to students with behavioral disabilities. The paper is to be written according to the American Psychological Association (APA) style of writing (see APA hand-out). The paper is to include the following sections:

Introduction (1 page, 5 points)

In this section, you will give a brief overview of the topic, explaining its relationship to students with behavioral disabilities.

Synthesis of the Literature (3-5 pages, 20 points)

Write a concise but thorough synthesis of the key ideas included in the literature on your selected topic. This section should include analyses, comparative dimensions, multiple perspectives and implications for teachers of students with behavioral disorders.

Ethical Considerations (1-2 pages, 10 points)

In this section of the paper, you will answer the question: "What are the ethical considerations when dealing with your topic, including the ethical procedures to follow when conducting research with students with behavioral disorders as it relates to this topic?" (See FAU, Institutional Review Board website as one source in answering this question).

Reflection/Conclusion (1-2 pages, 10 points)

Summarize the conclusions you draw from what the literature says about working with students with disabilities and your topic. Reflect on what you have learned and what insight/understanding you have gained from the literature.

References/Bibliography & Mechanics (1-2 pages, 5 points)

The paper's bibliography must be written in APA style (see APA manual). It must include a minimum of 8 sources that meet the following criteria:

- 1. Include a minimum of 4 refereed academic journal sources.
- 2. Include no more than 2 internet sources.
- 3. Books may be used, but are not required.
- 4. Exclude newspapers, magazines, and encyclopedias.

5. Do not use sources that are more than 10 years old and at least 5 sources must have a 2000 or later copyright.

Other Requirements

The paper must be written in an essay style (no outlines) and must include no less than 8 and no more than 10 pages of original student writing. This excludes cover page, references, illustrations (including pictures, graphs, charts, tables, etc.). The paper must be double-spaced and typewritten/word processed, with a font size of 12. Margins cannot be larger than 1 inch all around.

3. IN-CLASS POWERPOINT PRESENTATION

Students will present his/her research paper via a power-point presentation to the class. The PowerPoint presentation is to be an oral in-class presentation of the highlights of the written research paper. The presentation must contain a minimum of <u>eight</u> slides. Students must provide a hard copy of the PowerPoint as a handout for each student in the class. Grading for the presentation will take the following into consideration:

- Topics and subtopics are clear and linked to the selected research topic
- Content included in the presentation is interesting and informative
- Appearance and style is polished
- Presentation reflects creativity
- Presentation reflects planning, organization, and balance
- Presentation is presented in a professional manner

The professor will order the computer/projector equipment needed for the presentation.

Topics for research paper/in-class presentations

- Suicide
- Crisis management
- School safety and violence
- Gangs and ESE students
- Effective counseling techniques for students with antisocial behaviors
- Abuse and its relationship to antisocial behavior
- Current <u>issues</u> in the use of behavior control medications (provide a summary of issues as identified in the professional literature)
- Drug abuse: warning signs and the current scene (right now)
- Weapons in schools: analysis of a recent case involving a public school incident
- Self-destructive behavior in adolescents
- Violence in schools: analysis of a recent case involving a public school incident
- Popular forms of delinquency among middle school age students in Broward or Palm Beach County (what do kids do to get in trouble <u>today</u>)
- Children who sexually abuse/molest other children. Prevention and treatment

- The process for the toughest kids getting serious help in Broward or Palm Beach County. (research and describe the process currently in place)
- What happens when a child gets mental health treatment?
- Interview one of the toughest kids in Palm Beach or Broward County (seek and obtain consent as appropriate)
- Pressing charges against a student who willfully and maliciously attacks a teacher or another student: Status of school district, legal, and professional recommendations.
- The very best early intervention program
- Truancy prevention and control
- Behavioral intervention for school phobia
- Best practices in the use of timeout
- Life-Space Intervention
- Effective counseling techniques for students with antisocial behaviors
- Progressive relaxation
- Biofeedback as an approach for reducing problem behavior in public school classrooms
- Impact on communication difficulties on problem behavior
- Impact of cultural stereotypes and expectations on behavior
- Incidence and prevalence of discipline problems, suspension and expulsion by gender, culture, race, ethnicity, and LEP characteristics.
- Strategies to prevent problem behaviors
- Strategies to replace problem behaviors with functionally equivalent alternatives
- The use of extinction in schools
- The use of restraint in schools

4. BEST PRACTICE REVIEW

Students will choose four journal articles highlighting a "best practice." Each article should discuss the same practice (e.g., token economy). Then, students will use the form provided in this syllabus to summarize various points in relation to the practice. See Appendix C for the form.

5. BOOK REVIEW

Each student will review one book that has behavioral disorders as its central theme and write a 2-3 page a review of the book. The book review is to include a brief summary of the book and to address the following questions:

• Was the person(s) with a behavioral disorder portrayed in a positive or negative light? In what way?

- How did other people (e.g., family members, teachers, other professionals, etc.) try to assist the person with the disorder? Compare/contrast the methods depicted in the book with the content of the course.
- Do you believe people will come away with a better understanding of behavioral disorders from reading this book? Why or why not?
- A recommendation regarding the book. Would you recommend this book to others, why, or why not?

To ensure there is no duplication of book reviews, students are to sign-up to review a book and present the review to the class. Copies of your book review are to be made for each member of the class.

Book Review Topics

- 1. **Divorce**: including breaking up, aftermath of divorce, coping with divorce.
- 2. **Adoption and Foster Care**: adoption by foster parents or others, entering foster care, moving to different foster homes, dealing with the foster care system.
- 3. **Siblings**: including sibling rivalry, new baby, twins, cooperation and love, responsibility.
- 4. **Families**: including single parent families, blended families, extended families, foster families, gay families, and traditional families.
- 5. **Death**: including pet death, suicide, parental, sibling, grandparents, and family members.
- 6. **Disability**: including cognitive disabilities, ADD/ADHD, Down Syndrome, vision/hearing impairments, mental disabilities, physical conditions and emotions.
- 7. **Abuse**: physical and emotional abuse, sexual abuse, substance abuse, verbal abuse.
- 8. **Heritage**: cultural difference, knowledge about one's heritage, tolerance, accepting and valuing heritage.
- 9. **Friends**: getting along with friends, verbally arguing, physically fighting, peer pressure.
- 10. **Diversity**: Impact of diversity and expectations on teachers
- 11. **Classroom/School Management:** Impact of classroom and/or school management on the behavior of students.

Some Suggested Book Titles

Aiken, C. (1983). Silent snow, secret snow. Mankato, MN: Creative Education.

Atwood, M. (1996). Alias Grace. New York: Doubleday.

Beers, C.W. (1908). The mind that found itself: An autobiography. NY: Longmans, Green.

Bettelheim, B. (1950). Love is not enough. NY: MacMillan.

Bettelheim, B. (1967). The empty fortress. NY: Free Press.

Duke, P. (1987). Call me Anna: The autobiography of Patty Duke. NY: Bantam.

Green, H. (1964) I never promised you a rose garden. NY: Holt, Rinehart, & Winston.

Greenan, R. (1949). The secret life of Algernon Pendelton. NY: Alfred A. Knopf.

Greenfeld, J. (1970). A child called Noah. NY: Harcourt Brace Jovanovich.

Greenfeld, J. (1978). A place for Noah. NY: Henry Holt and Co.

Greenfeld, J. (1986). A client called Noah. NY: Henry Holt and Co.

Grossman, H. (1972). Nine rotten lousy kids. NY: Holt, Rinehart & Winston.

Hayden, T. (1980). One child. NY: Avon Books.

Hayden T. (1982) Somebody else's kids. NY: Avon Books.

Hayden T. (1983). Murphy's Boy. NY: Avon Books.

Hayden, T. (1988). Just another kid. NY: Avon Books.

Hayden, T. (1991). Ghost girl. NY: Avon Books.

Hayden T. (1995). The tiger's child. NY: Avon Books.

Hayden T. (2002). Beautiful child. NY: Avon Books.

Holm, M.F. (1986). Shall the circle be unbroken? Longmont, CO: Bookmakers Guild.

Kaysen, S. (1993). Girl interrupted. NY: Turtle Bay Books/Random House.

Neufeld, J. (1969). Lisa, bright and dark. NY: Phillips.

Paris, R-M. (1984). *Camille: The life of Camille Claudel, Rodin's muse and mistress*. NY: Seaver Books/Henry Holt & Co.

Plath, S. (1971). The bell jar. NY: Harper.

Rapport, J. (1989). The boy who couldn't stop washing: The explanation and treatment of obsessive-compulsive disorders. NY: Dutton.

Richette, L.A. (1969). The throwaway children. Philadelphia, PA: J.B. Lipincott Co.

Rubin, T.I. (1962). Jordi: Lisa and David, NY: Ballantine.

Sheehan, S. (1982). *Is there no place on earth for me?* Boston, MA: Houghton Mifflin.

Stowe, R. (1991). Not the end of the world. NY: Pantheon/Random House.

Styron, W. (1990). Darkness visible: A memoir of madness. NY: Random House.

Vonnegut, M. (1949). *The Eden express*. NY: Farrar, Straus.

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS / POLICIES AND EXPECTATIONS

ESE students are expected to demonstrate a professional demeanor in their FAU courses including attendance, participation and responsible attention to requirements and deadlines necessary for the successful completion of the ESE program. ESE students are also expected to demonstrate a professional demeanor in field experience settings through their dress, actions, and sensitivity to the students, teachers and administrators at the host schools.

TEACHING METHODS

Methods of instruction include lectures, discussions, modeling, guided practice, group activities, cooperative learning presentations, and media presentations. Participants will acquire knowledge and skills related to teaching students with exceptionalities, including

students from various cultural, religious, ethnic, socioeconomic and language backgrounds.

ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES

Assignment	Points	% of course grade
Case Study (Critical Assignment)	50	25%
Research Paper	50	25%
In-Class Presentation	20	10%
Best Practice Review	40	20%
Book Review	40	20%
TOTAL	200	100 %

GRADING (ESE GRADING SCALE)

Activity scores are cumulative and the grade scale represents percentage of total points earned.

A =	93-100	A-=	90-92	B+=	87-89	$\mathbf{B} =$	83-86
B-=	80-82	C+=	77-79	C =	73-76	C-=	70-72
D+=	67-69	D =	63-66	D-=	60-62	F =	Below 6

POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

To avoid learner confusion or disappointment, the following are assumptions and expectations for this course:

University Attendance Policy: Students are expected to attend all of their scheduled classes and to satisfy all academic objectives outlined by the instructor. The effect of absences upon grades is determined by the instructor, and the University reserves the right to deal at any time with individual cases of nonattendance. Attendance includes active involvement in all class sessions, class discussions, and class activities, as well as professional conduct in class.

Students are responsible for arranging to make up work missed because of legitimate class absence, such as illness, family emergencies, military obligation, court-imposed legal obligations, or participation in University-sponsored activities (such as athletic or scholastic team, musical and theatrical performances, and debate activities). It is the student's responsibility to give the instructor notice prior to any anticipated absence, and within a reasonable amount of time after an unanticipated absence, ordinarily by the next scheduled class meeting. Instructors must allow each student who is absent for a University-approved reason the opportunity to make up work missed without any reduction in the student's final course grade as a direct result of such absence.

Course Policies:

1. The course carries three (3) credits. Students are expected to complete course

- requirements sufficient to earn three credits during the time-span of the course.
- 2. Students are encouraged to talk with the instructor if there are concerns or problems relating to the course.
- 3. All **written assignments** must be typed, double-spaced with the name and number of the assignment. All projects assigned will be discussed in class and a format provided for each.
- 4. Due dates for assignments are provided in the course outline and will be enforced.

Students With Disabilities: In Compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (A.D.A.), students who require special accommodations due to a disability to properly execute coursework must register with the Office for Students with Disabilities (OSD) located in Boca – SU 133 (561-297-3880), in Davie – MOD I (954-236-1222), or in Jupiter – SR 117 (561-799-8585) and follow all OSD procedures. The purpose of this office "is to provide reasonable accommodations to students with disabilities." Students who require assistance should notify the professor immediately by submitting a letter from the Disabilities Office to your instructor requesting your need of specific assistance. Without such letter, the instructor is not obligated to make any accommodations for students.

Honor Code: Students at Florida Atlantic University are expected to maintain the highest ethical standards. Academic dishonesty, including cheating and plagiarism, is considered a serious breach of these ethical standards, because it interferes with the University mission to provide a high quality education in which no student enjoys an unfair advantage over any other. Academic dishonesty is also destructive of the University community, which is grounded in a system of mutual trust and places high value on personal integrity and individual responsibility. Harsh penalties are associated with academic dishonesty. For more information, see http://www.fau.edu/regulations/chapter4/4.001_Honor_Code.pdf.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

(A partial list of resources used in the development of this course.)

- Charles, C.M. (1999). *Building classroom discipline* (6th ed.). New York: Addison Wesley Longman.
- Cipani, E. (1998). Classroom management for all teachers. Merrill, Columbus, Ohio
- Cooper, J.O., Heron, T.E. & Heward, W.L. (2007). *Applied behavior analysis*. (2nd Ed.) Columbus, OH: Merrill/Prentice Hall.
- Chandler L. K. & Dahlquist, C.M. (2006). Functional assessment: Strategies to prevent and remediate challenging behavior in school settings. (2nd ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Merrill-Prentice Hall.
- Danforth, S. & Boyle, J.R. (2000) *Cases in behavior management*. Merrill, Columbus, Ohio.

- Freiberg, H.J.(1999). *Beyond behaviorism: Changing the classroom management paradigm.* Boston: Allyn and Bacon.
- Iwata, B.A., Vollmer, T. R., & Zarcone, J. R. (1990). *The experimental (functional) analysis ofbehavior disorders: Methodology, applications, and limitations.* Sycamore, IL: Sycamore Publishing.
- Knoster, T. P. (2000). Practical application of functional behavior assessment in schools. *The Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis*, 25, 201-211.
- Rhode, G., Jenson, W.R., & Reavis, H.K. (1993). *The touch kid book: Practical classroom management strategies*. Sopris West: Longmont, Co.
- Scheuermann, B. K. & Hall, J. H. (2008). *Positive behavioral supports for the classroom*. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Merrill-Prentice Hall.
- Thomas R. H., & Iwata, B. A. (2007). A comparison of outcomes from descriptive and functional analyses of problem behavior. *Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis*, 40, 33-338.
- Walker, H. M., Colvin, G., & Ramsey E. (1995). *Anti-social behavior in school: Strategies and Best Practices.* Brooks/Cole Publishing Company: Albany.
- Walker, J. E., & Shea, T. M. (1995). *Behavior management: A practical approach for educators* (6th ed.). Merrill, Columbus, Ohio.

Supplemental Readings

- Blair, K.C., Umbreit, J., & Bos, C. (1999). Using functional assessment and children's preferences to improve the behavior of young children with behavioral disorders. *Behavioral Disorders*, 24, 155-166.
- Gunter, P.L., Denny, R.K. (1996). Research issues and needs regarding teacher use of classroom management strategies. *Behavioral Disorders*, 22, 15-20.
- The Council for Children with Behavioral Disorders. (1990). Position paper on use of behavior reduction strategies with children with behavioral disorders. *Behavioral Disorders*, *15*, 243-260.
- Forness, S.R., Swanson, J.M., Cantwell, D.P., Guthrie, D., & Sena, R. (1992). Response to stimulant medication across six measures of school-related performance in children with ADHD and disruptive behavior. *Behavioral Disorders*, 18, 42-53.
- Dunlap, G., Kern, L., dePerczel, M., Clarke, S., Wilson, D., Childs, K.E., White, R., & Falk, G. (1993). Functional analysis of classroom variables for students with emotional and behavioral disorders. *Behavioral Disorders*, *18*, 275-29
- Epstein, M.H. Kinder, D., & Bursuck, B. (1989). The academic status of adolescents With behavioral disorders. *Behavioral Disorders*, 14, 157-165.
- Gadow, K.D., & Sprafkin, J. (1993). Television "violence" and children with emotional and behavioral disorders. *Journal of Emotional and Behavioral Disorders*, 1, 54-63.

- Gunter, P.L., Denny, R.K., Jack, S.L., Shores, R.E., & Nelson, M. (1993). Aversive stimuli in academic interactions between students with serious emotional disturbance and their teachers. *Behavioral Disorders*, 18, 265-274.
- Johnson, L.J., & Pugach, M.C. (1991). Peer collaboration: accommodating students with mild learning and behavior problems. *Exceptional Children*, 5, 454-461.
- Leone, P.E., Luttig, P.G., Zlotlow, S., & George, N.L. (1990). Understanding the social ecology of classrooms for adolescents with behavioral disorders: A preliminary study of differences in perceived environments. *Behavioral Disorders*, 16, 55-65.
- Mastropieri, M.A., Jenne, T. & Scruggs, T.E. (1992). A level system for managing problem behaviors in a high school resource program. *Behavioral Disorders*, 13, 202-208.
- McIntyre, T. (1993). Behaviorally disordered Youth in correctional settings: prevalence, programming, and teacher training. *Behavioral Disorders*, *18*, 167-176.
- Meadows, N., Neel, R.S., Parker, G., & Timo, K. (1991). A validation of social skills for students with behavioral disorders. *Behavioral Disorders*, *16*, 200-210.
- Nelson, C.M., Rutherford, R.B., Center, D.B., & Walker, H.M. (1991). Do public schools have an obligation to serve troubled children and youth? *Exceptional Children*, *57*, 406-413.
- Ramsey, E., & Walker, H.M. (1988). Family management correlates of antisocial behavior among middle school boys. *Behavioral Disorders*, 13, 187-201.
- Tobin, R.J., & Sugai, G.M. (1999). Discipline problems, placements, and outcomes for students with serious emotional disturbance. *Behavioral Disorders*, 24, 109-121
- Walker, H. (1993). Anti-social behavior in school. *The Journal of Emotional &* Behavioral Disorders, 2, 20-24

APPENDIX A

GUIDELINES USED IN THE DEVELOP OF THIS COURSE

The instructor has included the guidelines of knowledge and skills related to the goal and objectives of this course for beginning special education teachers. The intent is to help the student understand the direction of the course and the relevancy of the material to be learned.

COUNCIL FOR EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN STANDARDS

What every special educator must know: Ethics, standards and guidelines for special educators (5th ed.) 2003. Reston, VA: CEC Publications.

Foundations

bd1K5	Theory of reinforcement techniques in serving individuals with
	emotional/behavioral disorders
cc1S1	Articulate personal philosophy of special education

Instructional Strategies

	8
bd4K4	Prevention and intervention strategies for individuals at risk of
	emotional/behavioral disorders
bd4S1	Use strategies from multiple theoretical approaches for individuals with
	emotional/behavioral disorders
bd4S2	Use a variety of nonaversive techniques to control targeted behavior and
	maintain attention of individuals with emotional/behavioral disorders

Learning Environments and Social Interactions

cc5K1	Demands of learning environments
cc5K2	Basic classroom management theories and strategies for individuals with
	exception learning needs
cc5K3	Effective management of teaching and learning
cc5K4	Teacher attitudes and behaviors that influence behavior of individuals with exceptional learning needs
cc5S5	Modify learning environment to manage behaviors
cc5S6	Use performance data and information from all stakeholders to make or
	suggest modifications in learning environments.
cc5S10	Use effective and varied behavior management strategies
cc5S11	use the least intensive behavior management strategy consistent with the
	needs of the individual with exceptional learning needs
cc5S13	Organize, develop, and sustain learning environments that support positive
	intracultural and intercultural experiences
cc5S14	Mediate controversial intercultural issues among students within the
	learning environment in ways that enhance any culture, group, or person
cc5S16	Use universal precautions
bd5K2	Functional classroom designs for individuals with emotional/behavioral
	disorders

Instructional Planning

bd7K1 Model programs that have been effective for individuals with

emotional/behavioral disorders across the age range

bd7S1 Plan and implement individualized reinforcement systems and

environmental modifications at levels equal to the intensity of the behavior

Professional and Ethical Practice

cc9K1 Organizations and publications relevant to the field of emotional/behavioral

disorders

cc9S11 Reflect on one's practice to improve instruction and guide professional growth

FLORIDA STATE ESOL PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

- 2. Recognize the major differences and similarities between the different cultural groups in the United States.
- 3. Identify, expose, and reexamine cultural stereotypes relating to LEP and non-LEP students.
- 5. Determine and use appropriate instructional methods and strategies for individuals and groups, using knowledge of first and second hand language acquisition process.
- 13. Evaluate, design and employ instructional methods and techniques appropriate to learners' socialization and communication needs, based on knowledge of language as a social phenomenon.
- 14. Plan and evaluate instructional outcomes, recognizing the effects of race, gender, ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and religion on the results.
- 18. Create a positive classroom environment to accommodate the various learning styles and cultural backgrounds of the students.
- 22. Develop and implement strategies for using school, neighborhood, and home resources in the ESOL curriculum.
- 23. Identify major attitudes of local target groups toward school, teachers, discipline, and education in general that may lead to misinterpretation by school personnel; reduce cross-cultural barriers between students, parents, and the school setting.
- 23. Identify major attitudes of local target groups toward school, teachers, discipline, and education in general that may lead to misinterpretation by school personnel; reduce cross-cultural barriers between students, parents, and the school setting.

STATE OF FLORIDA ACCOMPLISHED PRACTICES

9.2 Develops an environment conducive to learning

BCBA & BCaBA BEHAVIOR ANALYST TASK LIST-THIRD EDITION

CONTENT AREA 3: PRINCIPLES, PROCESSES AND CONCEPTS					
#	TASK				
3-1	Define and provide examples of behavior/response/response class.				
3-2	Define and provide examples of stimulus and stimulus class.				
3-3	Define and provide examples of positive and negative reinforcement.				
3-7	Define and provide examples of stimulus control.				
3-8	Define and provide examples of establishing operations.				
3-9	Define and provide examples of behavioral contingencies.				
3-10	Define and provide examples of functional relations.				
3-16	Define and provide examples of mands.				
3-19	Define and provide examples of contingency-shaped and rule governed behavior and distinguish between examples of each.				

CONTENT AREA 4: BEHAVIORAL ASSESSMENT				
#	TASK			
4-1	State the primary characteristics of and rationale for conducting a descriptive assessment.			
4-2	Gather descriptive data.			
a.	Select various methods.			
b.	Use various methods.			
4-3	Organize and interpret descriptive data.			
a.	Select various methods.			
b.	Use various methods.			
4-4	State the primary characteristics of and rationale for conducting a functional analysis as a form of assessment.			
4-5	Conduct functional analyses.			
a.	Select various methods.			
b.	Use various methods.			
4-6	Organize and interpret functional analysis data.			
a.	Select various methods.			
b.	Use various methods.			
	CONTENT AREA 9: BEHAVIOR CHANGE PROCEDURES			
#	TASK			
9-1	Use antecedent-based interventions, such as: contextual or ecological variables, establishing			
	operations, and discriminative stimuli.			
9-2	Use positive and negative reinforcement:			
a.	Identify and use reinforcers.			
b.	Use appropriate parameters and schedules of reinforcement.			
c.	Use response-deprivation procedures (e.g., Premack principle).			
d.	State and plan for the possible unwanted effects of the use of reinforcement.			
9-3	Use positive and negative punishment:			
a.	Identify and use punishers.			

b.	Use appropriate parameters and schedules of punishment.			
c.	State and plan for the possible unwanted effects of the use of punishment.			
9-4	Use extinction.			
a.	Identify possible reinforcers maintaining behavior and use extinction.			
b.	State and plan for the possible unwanted effects of the use of extinction.			
9-5	Use response-independent (time-based) schedules of reinforcement.			
9-6	Use differential reinforcement.			
9-18	Use contingency contracting (e.g., behavioral contracts).			
9-19	Use token economy procedures, including levels systems.			
9-20	Use independent, interdependent and dependent group contingencies.			
9-22	Plan for behavioral contrast effects.			
9-23	Use behavioral momentum.			
9-24	Use the matching law and recognize factors influencing choice.			
9-27	Use self-management strategies.			
9-28	Use behavior change procedures to promote stimulus and response generalization.			
9-29	Use behavior change procedures to promote maintenance.			
	CONTENT AREA 10: SYSTEMS SUPPORT			
#	TASK			
10-1	Use competency-based training for persons who are responsible for carrying out behavioral			
	assessment and behavior change procedures.			
10-2	Use effective performance monitoring and reinforcement systems.			
10-3	Design and use systems for monitoring procedural integrity.			
10-4	Establish support for behavior analysis services from persons directly and indirectly involved with			
	these services.			
10-5	Secure the support of others to maintain the clients' behavioral repertoires in their natural settings.			
10-6	Provide behavior analysis services in collaboration with others who support and/or provide services			
100	to one's clients.			

COURSE SCHEDULE

SESSION	DATE	TOPICS	ASSIGNMENTS
1		Identifying & Addressing Problem Behavior; The FBA/BIP Process	Chapters 1 & 2
2		Conducting a Functional Behavior Assessment	Chapters 3 & 4
3		Conducting a Functional Behavior Assessment (cont.)	Chapter 5
4		Overview of Functioned-Based Interventions; BIP Components	Chapter 6
5		Intervention Strategies – Positive Reinforcement Functions	Chapter 7
6		Intervention Strategies – Positive Reinforcement Functions (cont.)	Chapter 7
7		Intervention Strategies – Negative Reinforcement Functions	Chapter 8
8		Intervention Strategies – Negative Reinforcement Functions (cont.)	Chapter 8
9		General Intervention Strategies – Automatic Reinforcement Functions	Chapter 9
10		Specific Intervention Strategies – Automatic Reinforcement Functions	Chapter 10
11		Using contracts, token systems, & self management	
12		Positive & Negative Punishment Strategies (Response blocking, time out, response cost)	
13		Strategies to Promote Generalization and Maintenance; Preventing recurrence	Chapter 11
14		Guidelines for Use in Schools	Chapter 12
15		Building Systems Support: Teamwork. staff/family training, and intervention fidelity	
16		Building Systems Support (cont.)	

Appendix B SCORING RUBRIC FOR COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT

Course Number and Title: EEX 5602 Behavior Change and Management Strategies

Florida Educator Accomplished Practice: STANDARD Indicator: 9.2

Description of Competency Assessment: The student will complete a case study report describing a functional assessment of a student with challenging behavior. The case study will include a report of the functional assessment and a description of a comprehensive intervention plan to replace the student's challenging behavior with a more appropriate behavior. The case study report will include the following components:

- (1) a narrative summary of the case
- (2) a completed ABC observation form,
- (3) a narrative explanation of the ABC including:
 - (a) a definition of the challenging behavior
 - (b) a summary statement describing the function of the challenging behavior including rationale for why that function was selected
- (c) hypothesis(es) statement(s) regarding the antecedents and consequences that trigger and support the challenging behavior (4) a narrative explanation of appropriate replacement behavior that will achieve the same function and a description of appropriate reinforcers
- (5) a positive intervention plan to decrease challenging behavior and increase appropriate behavior. The intervention plan should present alternatives for changing antecedents, settings and consequences, describe when and where the intervention will be implemented, which staff will implement the program, and describe how data will be collected to evaluate progress.

EEX 5602: Behavior Change and Management Strategies Scoring Rubric for Competency Assessment

Name:	Date:	Overall Rating/Poin	ts Earned:/
Results of the Competency Assessment:	_ Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Does Not Meet Expectation
Competency Assessment Title: Case St	udy		
Florida Educator Accomplished Practice: Sta	ndard Indicator: 9	.2	

Components of	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Does Not Meet Expectations
the Assignment	0.2 10001	22.224	0007
	93-100%	92-83%	<83%
Narrative	Comprehensive summation of the	Adequate summation of the case	Inaccurate and/or incomplete
summary of the	case		summation of the case
case			
Value = 10%			
ABC	Clear and full completion of an	Completion of an adequate ABC	Inaccurate and/or incomplete ABC
Observation	accurate ABC observation report	observation report	observation report
Form			
Value = 25 %			
Explanation of	Thorough and complete description	Adequate description of the function	Inaccurate description of the function
the ABC	of the function of the behavior	of the behavior	of the behavior
Value = 15 %			
Explanation of	Clear description and complete	Adequate explanation of replacement	Inadequate explanation of
replacement	explanation of the replacement	behavior and reinforcers	replacement behavior and reinforcers
behavior	behavior and reinforcers		
Value = 15%			
Intervention	Clearly and fully describes an	Adequately describes an appropriate	Inappropriate intervention plan that
Plan	appropriate positive intervention plan	positive intervention plan to support	does not support an appropriate
	to support appropriate replacement	appropriate replacement behavior	replacement behavior
Value = 25%	behavior	_	
Mechanics	Writing is well-organized, logically	Writing is adequate in regard to	Writing is inadequate in regard to
	presented, and grammatically correct	organization, logical presentation,	organization, logical presentation,
Value = 10 %		and grammatical correctness	and grammatical correctness

Comments:

APPENDIX C BEST PRACTICE REVIEW FORM

Name:	
Reference list (APA style – 5 th Edition). List all four references here.	

Next, create a table providing the following information. Be sure to add name references to each entry in the table so that each author is credited with his or her contribution to the best practice.

Describe the problems this practice is used to address	Describe the practice (note any additions or deletions made	Identify indicators that the practice is effective (one	Identify ways in which the practice can be applied in
	by a particular author)	from each article)	different settings